

## Magnetic Power Systems, Inc.

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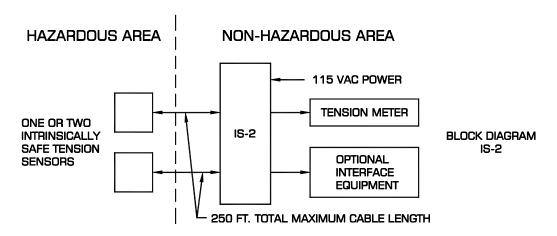
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# INSTRUCTION MANUAL INTRINSICALLY SAFE WEB LOAD CELL AMPLIFIER MODEL IS-2

#### INTRODUCTION

The MAGPOWR Model IS-2 Tension Readout Amplifier provides intrinsically safe circuits for intrinsically safe load cells. As shown in the block diagram, an intrinsically safe tension readout system consists of the IS-2 amplifier, one or two intrinsically safe load cells, and a tension readout meter. The IS-2 may also be interfaced with other equipment. CAUTION: Equipment interfaced with the IS-2, including the tension readout meter, may not be powered by voltages greater than 250 vrms.

Note that only the intrinsically safe sensors may be located in the hazardous area.



When used with the IS-2 Tension Readout Amplifier, the MAGPOWR Model TS, SSTS, GTS, LC, TSU, SM and CL load cells tabulated in Table 1 are UL listed for use in the following hazardous locations: Class I, Division I, Groups A, B, C and D: Class II, Division I, Groups E, F and G: and Class III, Division I.

### **INSTALLATION**

Refer to the individual MAGPOWR load cells instruction manuals for installation of load cells.

WARNING: Improper installation can jeopardize the intrinsic safety of the circuits. Installation should be made per ISA-RP-12.6 Installation of Intrinsically Safe Systems in Class I Hazardous Locations and the National Electric Code.

CAUTION: Equipment interfaced to the IS-2 must not be supplied by voltages greater than the maximum safe area voltages of 250 vrms.

1. Install the IS-2 in a **non**-hazardous location. The IS-2 **cannot** be installed in the hazardous location. The IS-2 only provides intrinsically safe circuits so that intrinsically safe load cells can be installed in the above listed hazardous locations.

850A46-1 8/03 Rev. B

### 2. Grounding

- a) Connect TB1-5 to the intrinsically safe ground buss through a #12 AWG wire.
- b) Connect the ground stud on the enclosure to the plant system ground through a #12 AWG or larger wire. This conductor should be distinct from and insulated from the wire used for the above intrinsically safe ground.
- 3. Hazardous Location Wiring (Load cell Cables)

CAUTION: Load cell cables longer than 250 ft. cannot be used. Intrinsic safety can be impaired.

Connect load cell cables to TB1 terminals 1-4. Matching the color coding on TB1 with MAGPOWR supplied cables insures proper connections. For two sensor applications, the load cells are wired in parallel (both red wires to 1, both green wires to 2, etc.). **WARNING**: These cables must be isolated physically and electrically from any non-intrinsically safe wiring or intrinsic safety will be affected. These cables must be located only on the TB1 side of the enclosure separator.

4. Non-Hazardous Location Wiring. **WARNING**: This wiring must be isolated physically and electrically from any intrinsically safe wiring or intrinsic safety will be affected. This wiring must be located only on the TB2 side of the enclosure separator.

**CAUTION**: Equipment interfaced to the IS-2 must not be supplied by voltages greater than the maximum safe area voltage of 250 vrms.

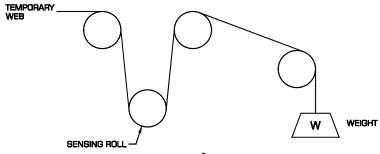
- a) Connect 115 vac +/- 20% power line to TB2 terminals 6 and 7, also marked "AC WHT." and "AC BLK." NOTE: If one of the incoming leads is grounded, connect it to terminal 6.
- b) Connect 0 to 1 madc meter between TB2 terminal 3 (+) and TB2 terminal 5 (-). If a dual scale meter will be used, connect TB2 terminal 4 to the "+" terminal of the meter through a user supplied range select switch (close for low scale).
- c) A 0 to 10 vdc signal proportional to tension is available between TB2 terminal 1 (+) and TB2 terminal 2 (COM). This signal is not isolated from ground. Minimum load resistance is 10 kohms.
- 5. Proceed with calibration.

#### **CALIBRATION**

Tension Readout calibration is accomplished by two adjustments: ZERO and GAIN.

The ZERO adjustment is used to cancel the weight of the sensing roll so that the meter reads "0" with zero tension. The ZERO adjustment is therefore made with sensing roll unloaded (i.e. without web on the sensing roll).

The GAIN adjustment is made with a known load on the sensing roll. The known force may be applied using an accurate spring scale or (more accurately) by using a known dead weight. In either case the known force should be applied using a temporary web threaded as the web would normally be threaded in the machine to insure the same wrap angles. In wide web applications, the known force should be applied near the center of the sensing roll using the temporary web (a rope is satisfactory).



SCALE ADJ. is a secondary adjustment used to calibrate the low scale when a dual scale meter is used.

- 1. Insure that the meter is mechanically zeroed and then apply power.
- 2. Unload the sensing roll.
- 3. If a user supplied dual scale switch is used, set it to the "LOW" scale setting.
- 4. Adjust the 22 turn ZERO pot for zero meter reading. NOTE: These 22 turn pots have clutches and cannot be damaged by over rotation. Full CW or CCW rotation causes a faint clicking sound.
- 5. If a user supplied dual scale switch is used, set it to the "HIGH" setting.
- 6. Load the sensing roll with a known force as described above and adjust the 22 turn GAIN pot for a meter reading equal to that of the known force.
- 7. If a user supplied dual scale switch is used:
  - a) Load the sensing roll with a known force that is within the range of the low scale.
  - b) Set the user supplied dual scale switch to the "LOW" setting.
  - c) Adjust the 22 turn SCALE ADJ, pot for a meter reading equal to that of the known force.

#### **REPAIR PARTS LIST**

WARNING: Substitution of parts can impair intrinsic safety.

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
3C106-1 3C107-1	Amplifier Printed Circuit Board Assembly Barrier Module (Caution: Not repairable. Replace entire module when failed)

#### **BARRIER MODULE CHECKS**

CAUTION: Disconnect load cell cables from TB1 before making barrier module checks. Completely remove the barrier from the IS-2 enclosure so you can access terminal 1 pins. The barrier module is failed if resistance checks differ from the following chart. Replace the entire module with an identical module when failed. Attempting to repair the module will jeopardize intrinsic safety.

TB1 Terminal No.	P1 Pin No.	Resistance (+/- 5%)
1	5	60 ohms
2	1	60 ohms
3	4	570 ohms
4	2	570 ohms
5	3	Short

Pin 1 of P1 and terminal 1 of TB1 are both closest to the top edge of module.

# TABLE 1 UL LISTED INTRINSICALLY SAFE LOAD CELLS

MODEL	MODEL	MODEL
CL1-5 CL1-15 CL1-50 CL2-15 CL2-50 CL2-150 CL2-500 GTSA11 GTSA22 GTSA55 GTSA110 GTSA55 GTSA110 GTSA25M GTSA50M GTSA25M GTSB220 GTSB500 GTSB1100 GTSB2200 GTSB100M GTSB250M GTSB250M GTSB100M CS00GS1 SMCL5 SMCL15 SMCL15 SMCL15 SMCL50 SMCL2M SMCL50M SMTS50M SMTS50 SMTS150 SMTS50 SMTS150 SMTS20M SMTS20M SMTS250M SMTS250M SMTS250M SMTS250M	SSTS15 SSTS15S1 SSTSC150 SSTSC500 SSTSC500 SSTSP150 SSTSP50 SSTSP50 SSTSS50 SSTSS50 SSTSS50 SSTSS500 TS15 TS5 TS2SCM TS2PCM TS2PCM TS2PRM TS2PRM TS2PRM TS2PRM TS2PWM TS2FWM TS2FWM TS5SC TS5PC TS5FC TS5FC TS5FR TS5FR TS5SW TS5PW TS5OPC TS5FR TS5OPC TS5FFR TS5OPC TS5OPR TS5OPR TS5OPR TS5OPR TS5OPR TS5OPW TS5OPW TS5OPW TS5OPW TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPC TS15OPR TS15OPR TS15OPR TS15OPR TS15OPR TS15OPR TS15OPR	TS150FW TS500SC TS500PC TS500FC TS500FR TS500PR TS500FR TS500FW TS500FW TS500FW TSC50 TSC500 TSC500 TSF150 TSF50 TSF500 TSF500 TSF150 TSF500 TSP150 TSP500 TSP150 TSP500 TSU1-150L TSU1-150R TSU1-25L TSU1-25R TSU1-25R TSU1-50L TSU1-50L TSU1-50L TSU2-1000L TSU2-1000L TSU2-150R TSU2-150R TSU2-150R TSU2-150R TSU2-500R TSU2-500R TSU3-1000R TSU3-5000L TSU3-5000R TSU3-5000R

